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EXAMINER

VU, THANH T

ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER

2174

DATE MAILED: 11/03/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

| | | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|
| Office Action Summary | Application No. 09/738,050 | Applicant(s) MORRISON ET AL. | |
| | Examiner Thanh T. Vu | Art Unit 2174 | |

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
 - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
 - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
- Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 09 August 2005.
- 2a) ☒ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☐ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1-3, 5-23, 27-31 and 36-45 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1-3, 5-23, 27-31, 36-45 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some c) ☐ None of:
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
 2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
 3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- | | |
|---|---|
| 1) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) | 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413) |
| 2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) | Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____ |
| 3) <input type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) | 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) |
| Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____ | 6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____ |

DETAILED ACTION

This communication is responsive to Amendment, filed 08/09/2005

Claims 1-3, 5-23, 27-31, 36-45 are pending in this application. In the Amendment, claims claim 1, 5-7, 19, 36, 42 were amended. This action is made Final.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

Claims 1-16, 18-23, 36-40 and 42-44 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Wical (U.S. Pat. No. 6,240,410).

Per claim 1, Wical teaches a method for presenting a portion of a database, the method comprising steps of:

presenting a first tier of tabs, each tab in the first tier of tabs representing a first collection of data objects corresponding thereto (figs. 2a and 2b; col. 2, lines 20-35; col. 10, lines 10-20);
and

in response to a selecting of a tab of the first tier to produce a selected first tier tab,
presenting a second tier of tabs, each tab in the second tier of tabs representing a second collection of data objects, each data object in the second tier also belonging to the first collection of data objects corresponding to the selected first tier tab (figs. 2a and 2b; col. 2, lines 20-35; col. 10, lines 34-36).

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in response to a selecting of a tab of the second tier to produce a selected second tier tab, presenting a third tier of tabs, each tab in the third tier of tabs representing a third collection of data objects each data object in the third tier also belonging to the second collection of data objects corresponding to the selected second tier tab (see, fig. 2c; second tier tab: “hard science and technology”; see, figs. 2c, third tier of tabs: “biology”, “electronic”, and “mathematic”); and in response to a selecting of a tab of the third tier, displaying a page from electronic catalog database (see fig. 2c, a page from electronic catalog database is displayed in 310 when a tab is selected.)

Per claim 2, Wical teaches the method of claim 1, wherein: the second tier of tabs is not visible until after the selecting of a tab of the first tier (fig. 2a).

Per claim 3, Wical teaches the method of Claim 1, wherein: the second tier of tabs is visible (fig. 2b).

Per claim 5, Wical teaches the method of Claim 1, wherein the third tier of tabs is not visible until after the selecting of a tab of the second tier.

Per claim 6, Wical teaches the method of Claim 1, further comprising a step of:

in response to a selecting of a tab of the third tier to produce a selected third tier tab, presenting a fourth tier of tabs, each tab in the fourth tier of tabs representing a fourth collection of data objects, each data object in the fourth tier also belonging to the third collection of data objects corresponding to the selected third tier tab (figs. 2b and 2c); and in response to a selecting of a tab of the fourth tier, displaying a page from the electronic catalog database (see fig. 2d, a page from electronic catalog database 310).

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Per claim 7, Wical teaches the method of Claim 1, wherein the electronic catalog database comprises a plurality of products (fig. 4b; col. 5, lines 28-40).

Per claim 8, Wical teaches the method of Claim 1, wherein: the presenting the first tier of tabs includes executing a process in a first computer system and displaying the first tier of tabs on a display device of a second computer system and the selecting of a tab of the first tier to produce a selected first tier tab includes providing a selection of the selected first tier tab to the first computer system (col. 6, lines 1-12; network environment with remote access).

Per claim 9, Wical teaches the method of Claim 1, wherein: after the selecting of the tab of the first tier to produce the selected first tier tab representing a first collection of data objects, and in response to a selecting of a subsequent tab of the first tier to produce a subsequent selected first tier tab, wherein the first tier includes both the selected first tier tab and the subsequent selected first tier tab, replacing the second tier of tabs with a subsequent second tier of tabs representing a fourth collection of data objects; and replacing the third tier of tabs with a subsequent third tier of tabs representing a fourth collection of data objects (figs. 2a-2d; col. 10, lines 34-36; col. 11, lines 60-67).

Per claim 10, Wical teaches the method of Claim 1, further comprising a step of: modifying a browser to perform the presenting the first tier of tabs (fig. 2a; col. 11, lines 61-67).

Per claim 11, Wical teaches the method of Claim 1, further comprising: receiving a scroll input corresponding to at least one of the first tier and the second tier in response to receiving a scroll input, scrolling the corresponding at least one of the first tier and the second tier (figs. 2a-2c; scroll 320).

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Per claim 12, Wical teaches the method of Claim 1, wherein: at least one of the first tier and the second tier is horizontal (figs. 2a-2c; item 300 and 310).

Per claim 13, Wical teaches the method of Claim 1, wherein: at least one of the first tier and the second tier is vertical (figs. 2a-2c; item 300 and 310).

Per claim 14, Wical teaches the method of Claim 1, wherein: at least one of the first tier and the second tier is horizontal and at least one of the first tier and the second tier is vertical (figs. 2a-2c; item 300 and 310).

Per claim 15, Wical teaches the method of Claim 1, wherein: the form representing the collection of records of tabs is visually scalable (col. 10, lines 48-55; contract and expand function).

Per claim 16, Wical teaches the method of Claim 1, further comprising a step of: accessing the database over a network (fig. 10; col. 6, lines 9-11).

Per claim 18, Wical teaches the method of Claim 16, wherein accessing the database includes reading a computer readable medium (col. 25, lines 36-50).

Per claim 19, Wical teaches the method of Claim 16, wherein: accessing the database over a network includes accessing a first portion of the database over a network and a second portion of the database over a computer readable medium (col. 6, lines 9-14; col. 25, lines 44-25).

Per claim 20, Wical teaches the method of Claim 16, further comprising: storing the portion of the database locally (col. 25, lines 48-51).

Per claim 21, Wical teaches the method of Claim 1, comprising accepting a text input search request from a user, conducting a search and identifying at least one data object that

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satisfies the search request, and identifying at least one data object (fig. 9a; item 270; col. 23, lines 59-67);

determining a second tier of tabs associated with the data object (fig. 9a; second tier 540);
determining a first set of tabs associated with the data object (fig. 9a; first tier 760); and
displaying a representation of the data object along with the first set of tabs and the second set of tabs (figs. 2a and 2b).

Per claim 22, Wical teaches the method of Claim 1, comprising presenting a graphic image on at least one of the first tier tabs (fig. 3a and 3b; col. 14, lines 8-30).

Per claim 23, Wical teaches the method of Claim 1, comprising presenting a graphic image on at least one of the second tier tabs (fig. 3a and 3b; col. 14, lines 8-30).

Per claim 36, Wilca teaches a method for presenting a portion of an electronic catalog database, the method comprising steps of:

presenting a bottom tier of tabs, each tab in the bottom tier of tabs representing a first collection of data objects corresponding thereto (figs. 2a-3b; col. 10, lines 47-58; col. 14, lines 8-30); and

in response to a selecting of a tab of the bottom tier to produce a selected bottom tier tab, presenting a form of selectable graphics images representing a collection of records of the database (figs. 2a-3b; col. 10, lines 47-58; col. 14, lines 8-30); and

presenting a next tier of tabs, each tab in the next tier of tabs representing a collection of tabs of the bottom tier of tabs (figs. 2a-3b; col. 10, lines 47-58; col. 14, lines 8-30).

Per claim 37, Wilca teaches the method of Claim 36, further comprising a step of: receiving an action from the form (col. 14, lines 8-31).

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Per claim 38, Wilca teaches the method of Claim 37, wherein: the action is a text entry (fig. 9a; item 270; col. 23, lines 60-67).

Per claim 39, Wilca teaches the method of Claim 37, wherein: the action is a quantity (col. 12, lines 32-34; col. 13, lines 28-38).

Per claim 40, Wilca teaches the method of Claim 37, further comprising: in response to receiving an action, generating a record for subsequent action (fig. 2f; history 300).

Claim 42 is rejected under the same rationale as claim 1.

Per claim 43, Wilca teaches the method of Claim 42 comprising displaying a product display page (fig. 4c).

Per claim 44, Wilca teaches the method of Claim 42 comprising displaying an index page (col. 19, lines 29-48).

Claim 45 is rejected under the same rationale of claim 1 and 6.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 17 and 41 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Wical (U.S. Pat. No. 6,240,410) and Wittenburg et al. ("Wittenburg", U.S. Pat. No. 6,515,656).

Per claim 17, Wical teaches the method of Claim 16, but does not teach accessing the database over a network includes accessing the database over the Internet. However, Wittenburg teaches accessing the database over a network includes accessing the database over the Internet (fig. 1). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to include the internet access as taught by Wittenburg in the invention of Wical because it provides users with remote access to information over the WWW.

Per claim 41, Wical teaches the method of Claim 37, but does not teach generating a purchase order in response to receiving the action. However, Wittenburg teaches generating a purchase order in response to receiving the action (fig. 10; online shopping). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to include the online shopping as taught by Wittenburg in the invention of Wical because it provides users with online shopping.

Claims 27-31 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Wical (U.S. Pat. No. 6,240,410) and Bodnar (U.S. 2001/0000668).

Per claim 27, Wical teaches a method for presenting an electronic office products catalog, the method comprising:

- assigning, for each office product, at least one product category name (fig. 2a; item 200);
- assigning, for each product category name an alphabetic tab (fig. 6a; col. 20, lines 26-32);
- assigning, for each office product, at least one page number of the electronic catalog where the office product will be displayed (figs. 2e and 2f; list function; col. 12, lines 32-34; col. 13, lines 28-39);

assigning, for each product category name, a set of page numbers corresponding to the pages of the electronic catalog at least one office product corresponding to the product category name will be displayed in the electronic office products catalog (figs. 2e and 2f; list function; col. 12, lines 32-34; col. 13, lines 28-39);

presenting a first tier of alphabetic tabs, each alphabetic tab displaying at least one letter (fig. 6a; col. 20, lines 26-32);

in response to a selecting of an alphabetic tab, presenting a second tier of product category name tabs, such that a product category name tab is presented for each product category name (fig. 6b; col. 20, lines 34-46);

in response to a selecting of a product category name tab, presenting a third tier of page number tabs, such that at least one page number tab is presented for each product category name and in response to a selecting of a page number tab, displaying the first page represented by the page number tab (figs. 2e and 2f; list function; col. 12, lines 32-34; col. 13, lines 28-39).

Wical does not teach assigning, for each product category name an alphabetic tab such that the tab corresponds to the first letter of the product category name and in response to a selecting of an alphabetic tab, presenting a tier of product category name tabs, such that a product category name tab is presented for each product category name beginning with the alphabetic letter of the selected alphabetic tab. However, Bodnar teaches assigning, for each product category name an alphabetic tab such that the tab corresponds to the first letter of the product category name and in response to a selecting of an alphabetic tab, presenting a tier of product category name tabs, such that a product category name tab is presented for each product category name beginning with the alphabetic letter of the selected alphabetic tab. (figs. 8E and 8F; [0084]). Therefore, it would

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have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to include the alphabetic tab as taught by Bodnar in the invention of Wical because it provides users with a methodology for with dynamically adjusting tab categories and subcategories.

Per claim 28, Wical teaches the method of claim 27 comprising scrolling at least one of the alphabetic, product name, or page number tabs (fig. 2a-2f; scroll 320).

Per claim 29, Wical teaches the method of claim 27 comprising in response to a selecting of a product category name tab, presenting a third tier of product sub-category name tabs such that at least one sub-category name tab is presented for each product category name (figs. 2e and 2f; list function; col. 12, lines 32-34; col. 13, lines 28-39);

in response to a selecting of a product sub-category name tab, presenting a fourth tier of page number tabs, such that at least one page number tab is presented for each sub-product category name and in response to a selecting of a page tab, displaying the first page represented by the page number tab (figs. 2e and 2f; list function; col. 12, lines 32-34; col. 13, lines 28-39).

Per claim 30, Wilca teaches the method of claim 27 comprising accessing the electronic office products catalog over a network (fig. 10; col. 6, lines 9-11).

Per claim 31, Wilca teaches the method of claim 27 comprising storing the portion of the database locally (col. 5, lines 48-51).

Response to Arguments

Applicants' arguments in the Amendment have been fully considered but are not persuasive.

Applicant's primary argument is that Wical does not teach "a tab display".

The examiner does not agree for the following reasons:

During patent examination, the pending claims must be "given >their< broadest reasonable interpretation consistent with the specification." > In re Hyatt, 211 F.3d 1367, 1372, 54 USPQ2d 1664, 1667 (Fed. Cir. 2000). Although the claims are interpreted in light of the specification, limitations from the specification are not read into the claims. See *In re Van Geuns*, 988 F.2d 1181, 26 USPQ2d 1057 (Fed. Cir. 1993).

By definition, a tab means a projection or short trip attached to an object for identification (www.dictionary.com). In Wilca, each label displayed in area 300 is attached to objects in window 310 for identification of the objects. Accordingly, Wical teaches a tab display.

Inquiries

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Thanh T. Vu whose telephone number is (571) 272-4073. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Thur and every other Fri 7:30 AM - 5:00 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Kristine L. Kincaid can be reached on (571) 272-4063. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

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